

SPECIFIC EXCESS LOSS REIMBURSEMENT CLAIM FORM

	Supplemental Claim	Claim Notification (50	
ACCOUNT INFORMATION: Employer (Group) Name:			
Employer State:			
Policy Period:		Specific D	eductible:
EMPLOYEE INFORMATION:			
Employee Name:			
Social Security Number:			
Date of Birth:	Date of Hire:	Effective D	Oate:
EMPLOYEE'S WORK STATUS: Actively working – Date Las	Worked:	_ Retired – Retirement	Date:
Disabled and unable to work	from	to	
☐ Not Actively working – Indic	ate how coverage is being c	ontinued (mark all that apply	y):
Sick Leave	to	Vacation	to
Leave of Absence	to	FMLA	to
Coverage Terminated?	es No Date:		
☐ COBRA applicable? ☐ Yes	s □ No COBRA Eff	ective Date:	
COBRA Premium Paid Through:			
CLAIMANT INFORMATION:			
Claimant Name:			
Social Security Number:			
Relationship to Employee:		Date of Birth	
Claimant Effective Date:	Coverage Term	inated? Yes No D	Pate:
COBRA applicable? Yes	_		
	COBRA Premium Paid Through: COBRA Termination Date:		
Is Claimant covered by any other			
Medicare):			
Carrier:			
CLAIM INFORMATION:			
Diagnosis:	P:	rognosis:	
Case Management?	No Vendor Name & Pho	one:	
Claimant injured? Yes 1	No Date of Injury:	_	
Place Injury Occurred:			
How did injury occur?			
Subrogation applicable? Yes	☐ No If "Yes", please p	provide details:	

T . 1 F1: 11 D	O
Total Eligible Benefits this Submission:	\$
Less Specific Deductible:	\$
Balance:	\$
Percent to be Reimbursed:	<u>%</u>
Reimbursement Requested:	\$
Simultaneous Funding Requested:	Yes L No
YOUR REQUEST SHOULD INCLUDE	OPIES OF THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION: (IF APPLICABLE)
Enrollment Form (initial/current Employee Claim Form COBRA Election form & Proof Medicare Election Form/Medic EOB/Claim checks/Registers Deductible/Coinsurance Proof Divorce or Separation Decrees Itemized Bills R&C Calculations Precertification Forms Hospital Audits/Reviews	Large Case Management Reports of payment re Card Investigative materials to support claim:
or she is facilitating a fraud against an ins statement is guilty of insurance fraud.	G THIS FORM: Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowing that he rer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive te-Specific Fraud Notices included with this form***
NOTICE - See Se	te-specific Fraud Notices included with this form
I CERTIFY THAT THE ABOVE INFOR IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLAN I	MATION IS CORRECT AND THAT THE CLAIMS HAVE BEEN PAID OCUMENT.
TPA/Claims Administrator Name:	
Address:	
Phone: Fa.	:E-Mail:
Authorized Signature:	Date:

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GENERAL FRAUD NOTICE: NOTE TO ALL PARTIES COMPLETING THIS FORM: Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowing that he or she is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud.

FRAUD NOTICE: For the states of AL, AZ, AR, CA, CO, DE, DC, FL, GA, IN, KS, KY, LA, MD, ME, NC, NE, NH, NJ, NM, OK, OR, PA, RI, TN, TX, VA, VT, WA and WV, please refer to the following fraud notices:

Alabama: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of loss or benefit or who knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to restitution, fines or confinement in prison, or any combination thereof.

Arizona: For your protection, Arizona law requires the following statement to appear on this form: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

Arkansas, Louisiana, Rhode Island, West Virginia: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

California: For your protection, California law requires the following to appear on this form: Any person who knowingly presents false or fraudulent information to obtain or amend insurance coverage or to make a claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

Colorado: It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable from insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado Division of Insurance within the Department of Regulatory Agencies.

Delaware: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

District of Columbia: WARNING: It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant.

Florida: Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim or an application containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree.

Georgia, Oregon, Vermont: Any person who with intent to defraud or knowing that he/she is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement may be guilty of insurance fraud.

Indiana: A person who knowingly and with intent to defraud an insurer files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information commits a felony.

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Kansas: Any person who with intent to defraud or knowing that he or she is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement may be guilty of insurance fraud as determined by a court of law.

Kentucky: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files a statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.

Maryland: Any person who knowingly and willfully presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly and willfully presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

Maine, Tennessee, Washington: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines or a denial of insurance benefits.

Nebraska: Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowing that he or she is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of insurance fraud.

New Hampshire: Any person who, with a purpose to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for insurance fraud, as provided in RSA 638:20.

New Jersey: Any person who knowingly files a statement of claim containing any false or misleading information is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

New Mexico: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties.

North Carolina: Any person with the intent to injure, defraud, or deceive an insurer or insurance claimant is guilty of a crime (Class H felony) which may subject the person to criminal and civil penalties.

Oklahoma: WARNING: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, makes any claim for the proceeds of an insurance policy containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

Pennsylvania: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

Texas: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

Virginia: Any person who, with the intent to defraud or knowing that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement may have violated state law.